A BILL FOR AN ACT

To further amend chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, by repealing and reenacting sections 801, 802, and 803 as subchapter I; repealing sections 804 and 805; and enacting new subchapters II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII and XIII; for the purpose of establishing the Revenue Administration Act of 2019, and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA:

- 1 Section 1. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the
- 2 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby
- 3 amended by designating sections 801 to 803 as subchapter I
- 4 entitled "General Provisions".
- 5 Section 2. Section 801 of title 54 of the Code of the
- 6 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated) is hereby repealed and
- 7 re-enacted to read as follows:
- 8 "Section 801. Short title.
- 9 This chapter may be cited as the Revenue Administration
- 10 Act of 2019."
- 11 Section 3. Section 802 of title 54 of the Code of the
- 12 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated) is hereby repealed and
- 13 re-enacted to read as follows:
- 14 "Section 802. Definitions.
- 15 Wherever used in this chapter, unless the
- subject matter, context, or sense otherwise
- 17 requires:

1	(1) 'Arrangement' means any contract, agreement,
2	plan, or understanding whether expressed or implied and
3	whether or not enforceable in legal proceedings.
4	(2) 'Associate' has the meaning in section 515 of
5	this title.
6	(3) 'Authority' means the FSM Unified Revenue
7	Authority established under section 711 of this title.
8	(4) 'Board' means the Board of Directors of the
9	Authority appointed under section 712 of this title.
10	(5) 'CEO' means the Chief Executive Officer appointed
11	under section 731 of this title.
12	(6) 'FSM' means the Federated States of Micronesia.
13	(7) 'Installment of tax' means an installment of tax
14	payable under chapter 5 of this title.
15	(8) 'Late payment interest' means late payment
16	interest imposed under section 865 of this chapter.
17	(9) 'Net profit tax' means net profit tax imposed
18	under chapter 5 of this title.
19	(10) 'Objection decision' means the decision referred
20	to in section 819(5) of this chapter.
21	(11) 'Person' means an individual, company,
22	corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or
23	other business entity, trust, estate, government,
24	political subdivision of a government, or public
25	international organization.

1	(12) 'Prescribed' means prescribed by the Secretary in
2	regulations.
3	(13) 'President' means the President of the FSM.
4	(14) 'Presumptive tax' means the presumptive tax
5	imposed under chapter 5 of this title.
6	(15) 'Private ruling' means a ruling made under
7	sections 858, 859, 860, 861, and 862 of this chapter.
8	(16) 'Public ruling' means a ruling made under
9	sections 855, 856, and 857 of this chapter.
10	(17) 'Representative' means:
11	(a) in the case of an individual under a legal
12	disability, the guardian or manager who receives or is
13	entitled to receive income on behalf, or for the
14	benefit, of the individual;
15	(b) in the case of a company or corporation, the
16	chief executive officer, public officer, managing
17	director, or any director of the company;
18	(c) in the case of a partnership, any partner in
19	the partnership;
20	(d) in the case of a trust, any trustee of the
21	trust;
22	(e) in the case of an unincorporated association
23	or other business entity (other than a company,
24	corporation, or partnership), any individual responsible
25	for accounting for the receipt or payment of moneys or

1	funds on behalf of the association;
2	(f) in the case of the National or a State
3	Government, or a local authority in the FSM, any
4	individual responsible for accounting for the receipt or
5	payment of moneys or funds on behalf of the Government
6	or local authority;
7	(g) in the case of a foreign government,
8	political subdivision of a foreign government, or public
9	international organization, any individual responsible
10	for accounting for the receipt or payment of moneys or
11	funds in the FSM on behalf of the government, political
12	subdivision of the government, or organization;
13	(h) in the case of a non-resident person, any
14	person controlling the person's affairs in the FSM,
15	including any manager of any business of such person
16	and, in relation to customs, the person's customs agent;
17	<u>or</u>
18	(i) in the case of a person to whom section 826
19	of this title applies, the trustee of the person under
20	that section, and includes any person that the CEO has,
21	by notice in writing, declared to be a representative of
22	a person for the purposes of this chapter.
23	(18) 'Revenue law' means:
24	(a) any chapter under this title;
25	(b) a law of the FSM imposing a tax or duty

1	if the law provides that the Authority has the
2	responsibility for administering the tax or duty; and
3	(c) a law of a State imposing a tax that
4	the Authority is permitted to administer by virtue of
5	the laws of such State.
6	(19) 'Revenue officer' means the CEO and any officer
7	of the Authority appointed under section 732 of this
8	title.
9	(20) 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the FSM
10	Department of Finance and Administration.
11	(21) 'Self-assessment' means a self-assessment of net
12	<pre>profits tax, presumptive tax, or VAT.</pre>
13	(22) 'Self-assessment return' means a tax return
14	required to be furnished by a self-assessment taxpayer.
15	(23) 'Self-assessment taxpayer' means a person liable
16	for net profit tax, presumptive tax, or VAT.
17	(24) 'State' means a State of the FSM.
18	(25) 'Tax' means any tax, duty, or penalty imposed
19	under a revenue law, and includes an installment of tax
20	and withholding tax.
21	(26) 'Tax assessment' means:
22	(a) an assessment of wages and salaries tax
23	under section 152 of this title;
24	<pre>(b) a self-assessment;</pre>
25	(c) an assessment under subchapter III of this

1	chapter, including an amended assessment; and
2	(d) an assessment of penalty under section 870
3	of this title.
4	(27) 'Tax decision' means:
5	(a) a tax assessment; or
6	(b) a decision in relation to a revenue law on
7	any matter left to the discretion, judgment, direction,
8	opinion, approval, consent, satisfaction, or
9	determination of the CEO, other than such decision made
10	by the CEO in relation to the making of a tax assessment
11	or to take action on subchapter VI of this chapter.
12	(28) 'Tax period' means:
13	(a) in the case of tax imposed on wages
14	and salaries payable by the employer by withholding
15	under section 132 of this title or payable by the
16	employee under section 138 of this title, the
17	quarter;
18	(b) in the case of the net profits tax or
19	presumptive tax, the tax year;
20	(c) in the case of installments of net profit
21	tax, the period to which the installment relates;
22	(d) in the case of tax withheld from a payment
23	under chapter 5 of this title, the period to which the
24	withholding relates;
25	(e) in the case of VAT, the VAT period; or

1	(f) in any other case, the period for which the
2	tax or duty is reported.
3	(29) 'Tax return' means a return required to be filed
4	under a revenue law.
5	(30) 'Tax warrant' means a warrant issued under
6	section 835 of this title.
7	(31) 'Taxpayer' means a person liable for any tax or
8	duty imposed under a revenue law and includes:
9	(a) an employer liable to withhold tax from a
10	payment of wages and salaries under section 132 of this
11	title; and
12	(b) a person liable to withhold tax from a
13	payment under chapter 5 of this title.
14	(32) 'Taxpayer Identification Number' means a Taxpayer
15	Identification Number issued under section 846 of this
16	chapter.
17	(33) 'VAT' means valued added tax imposed under a
18	revenue Law.
19	(34) 'Wages and salaries tax' means the tax imposed
20	under section 121 of this title.
21	(35) 'Withholding tax' means the amount that a payer
22	is required to withhold from a payment as tax."
23	Section 4. Section 803 of title 54 of the Code of the
24	Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated) is hereby repealed and
25	re-enacted to read as follows:

1 "Section 803. References to terms used in other laws. 2 When this chapter applies in respect of a revenue law, any term not defined in this chapter has the meaning 3 that it has for the purposes of the revenue law." 4 5 Section 5. Section 804 of title 54 of the Code of the 6 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated) is hereby repealed. Section 6. Section 805 of title 54 of the Code of the 7 8 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended by Public 9 Law No. 18-107, is hereby repealed. 10 Section 7. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 11 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 12 amended by designating sections 806 to 807 as subchapter II 13 entitled "Tax Returns". Section 8. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 14 15 Micronesia, (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 16 a new section 806 to read as follows: 17 "Section 806. Extension of time to file a tax return. 18 (1) A taxpayer required to file a tax return may 19 apply, at any time and in writing, to the CEO for an 20 extension of time to file the return. 21 (2) The CEO may, upon satisfaction that there is reasonable cause (as defined in regulations issued from 22 time to time by the Authority), grant an application 23 under subsection (1) of this section and must serve 24 25 notice of the decision on the applicant.

1	(3) An extension of time granted under this section
2	does not change the date for payment of tax due as
3	specified in the revenue law under which the return has
4	been made, but shall extend the date from which
5	penalties shall be payable with respect to the late
6	<pre>filing of a return."</pre>
7	Section 9. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
8	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
9	a new section 807 to read as follows:
10	"Section 807. Tax return duly made.
11	A tax return purporting to be filed by or on behalf of a
12	taxpayer is treated as having been filed by the taxpayer
13	or with the taxpayer's authority unless the contrary is
14	proved."
15	Section 10. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the
16	Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby
17	amended by designating sections 810 to 816 as subchapter III
18	entitled "Tax Decisions".
19	Section 11. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
20	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
21	a new section 810 to read as follows:
22	"Section 810. <u>Self-assessments</u> .
23	(1) For the purposes of this chapter:
24	(a) a self-assessment taxpayer who has filed a
25	self-assessment return is treated as having made an

1	assessment of the amount of tax payable for the tax
2	period to which the return relates being that amount as
3	set out in the return; and
4	(b) a self-assessment return furnished by a
5	self-assessment taxpayer is treated as a notice of the
6	assessment served by the CEO on the taxpayer on the date
7	the return was filed.
8	<pre>(2) [Reserved]"</pre>
9	Section 12. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
10	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
11	a new section 811 to read as follows:
12	"Section 811. Assessment of person who fails to file a
13	tax return.
14	(1) If a taxpayer liable for tax on an assessment
15	basis under a revenue law fails to file a tax return for
16	a tax period as required under the revenue law, the CEO
17	may, at any time, make an assessment of the tax payable
18	by the taxpayer.
19	(2) The CEO must serve a taxpayer assessed under
20	subsection (1) of this section with notice of the
21	assessment as soon as is practicable after making the
22	assessment. The notice must state:
23	(a) the amount of tax payable;
24	(b) the amount of interest or penalty (if any)
25	payable in respect of the tax payable;

1	(c) the tax period in respect of which the
2	assessment relates;
3	(d) the date of issue of the notice; and
4	(e) the due date for payment of the tax payable
5	under the notice."
6	Section 13. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
7	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
8	a new section 812 to read as follows:
9	"Section 812. Advanced tax assessments.
10	(1) The CEO may make an assessment of the tax payable
11	for the tax period and the tax is payable on the date
12	set out in the notice of assessment served on the
13	taxpayer if, in any tax period:
14	(a) a taxpayer liable for tax on an assessment
15	basis under a revenue law ceases to carry on a trade,
16	business, profession, vocation, or employment; or
17	(b) the CEO has reasonable grounds to believe
18	that a taxpayer liable for tax on an assessment basis
19	under a revenue law may leave, or has left, the FSM
20	without filing a return as required under the revenue
21	law for the tax period.
22	(2) The CEO must serve a taxpayer assessed under
23	subsection (1) of this section with notice, in writing,
24	of the assessment as soon as is practicable after making
25	the assessment, and such notice must set out the matters

1 specified in section 811(2) of this chapter. (3) An assessment made under subsection (1) of this 2 section can be amended under section 813 of this chapter 3 so that the taxpayer is assessed in respect of the whole 4 5 of the tax period to which the assessment under subsection (1) of this section relates." 6 7 Section 14. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 8 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 9 a new section 813 to read as follows: 10 "Section 813. Amendment of tax assessments. (1) Subject to this section, the CEO may amend a tax 11 assessment by making such alterations or additions to 12 the assessment as the CEO considers necessary to ensure 13 that a taxpayer is liable for the correct amount of tax 14 15 payable in respect of the tax period to which the 16 assessment relates. 17 (2) A self-assessment taxpayer can apply to the CEO within the time specified in subsection (3)(b) of this 18 section for the CEO to make an amendment in accordance 19 20 with subsection (1) of this section to a self-assessment 21 and the CEO shall serve the taxpayer with notice of the decision on the application as soon as is practicable 22 after the making of the assessment. 23 24 (3) The amendment of a tax assessment under subsection (1) of this section may be made: 25

1	(a) in the case of fraud or willful neglect,
2	within six years of the date the CEO served notice of
3	the assessment on the taxpayer, or within one year after
4	the fraud or willful neglect is discovered, whichever is
5	the later; or
6	(b) in any other case, within six years of the
7	date the CEO served notice of the assessment on the
8	taxpayer.
9	(4) As soon as practicable after making an amended
10	assessment under this section, the CEO must serve the
11	taxpayer with notice of the amended assessment.
12	(5) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, if a
13	notice of assessment (referred to as the 'original
14	assessment') has been amended under subsection (1) of
15	this section, the CEO may further amend the original
16	assessment within the later of:
17	(a) six years after the CEO served notice of the
18	original assessment on the taxpayer; or
19	(b) one year after the CEO served notice of the
20	amended assessment on the taxpayer.
21	(6) If subsection (5)(b) of this section applies, the
22	CEO is limited to amending the alterations and additions
23	made in the amended assessment to the original
24	assessment.
25	(7) An amended assessment is treated in all respects

1 as a tax assessment for the purposes of this chapter 2 (other than subsection (1) or (2) of this section) and the revenue law under which the original assessment has 3 been made. 4 5 (8) The making of an amended assessment does not preclude the liability for any interest and penalty in relation to the tax assessed under amended assessment 7 8 arising from the date that tax was due under the 9 original assessment." 10 Section 15. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 11 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 12 a new section 814 to read as follows: 13 "Section 814. Validity of tax decisions. (1) The validity of a tax decision, a notice of a tax 14 15 decision, or any other document purporting to be made or executed under a revenue law, if it is in substance and 16 17 effect in conformity with the law under which it has been made, issued, or executed, and the person assessed 18 19 or intended to be assessed or affected by the decision 20 or document is designated in it according to common 21 understanding: 22 (a) cannot be quashed or deemed to be void or 23 voidable for want of form; or 24 (b) is not affected by reason of any immaterial 25 mistake, defect, or omission therein.

1	<pre>(2) [Reserved]"</pre>
2	Section 16. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
3	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
4	a new section 815 to read as follows:
5	"Section 815. Correctness of tax decisions.
6	(1) Except in proceedings under subchapter IV of this
7	<pre>chapter:</pre>
8	(a) no tax decision can be disputed in any court
9	or in any other proceedings on any ground whatsoever;
10	(b) the production of the original notice of a
11	tax assessment or a document under the hand of the CEO
12	purporting to be a copy of a notice of such assessment
13	is conclusive evidence of the making of the assessment
14	and that the amount and particulars of the assessment
15	are correct; and
16	(c) in the case of a self-assessment taxpayer,
17	the production of the original self-assessment return or
18	a document under the hand of the CEO purporting to be a
19	copy of such return is conclusive evidence of the
20	contents of the return.
21	(2) A court must, in all proceedings, take judicial
22	notice of the signature of the CEO in either the
23	original or copy of a notice of a tax decision."
24	Section 17. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
25	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting

1 a new section 816 to read as follows: 2 "Section 816. Rectification of mistakes. If the CEO is satisfied that an order made or document 3 issued by the CEO under a revenue law contains a mistake 4 5 that is apparent on the face of the record or document and the mistake does not involve a dispute as to the 7 interpretation of the law or facts of the case, the CEO may, for the purposes of rectifying the mistake, amend 8 9 the order or document any time before the expiry of six 10 years from the date of making or issuing the order or 11 document." Section 18. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 12 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 14 amended by designating sections 819 to 821 as subchapter IV entitled "Objections and Appeals". Section 19. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 16 17 Micronesia (Annotated) as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a 18 new section 819 to read as follows: 19 "Section 819. Objection to tax decision. 20 (1) A person dissatisfied with a tax decision must 21 lodge an objection to the decision with the CEO within 22 30 days of service of the notice of the decision. (2) If the CEO has amended an assessment under 23 section 813 of this title, the taxpayer has no further 24 25 right of objection that the taxpayer would have had if

1 the amendment had not been made, except to the extent 2 that by reason of the amendment a fresh liability is imposed on the taxpayer or an existing liability is 3 4 increased. 5 (3) An objection must substantially comply with the prescribed form and state fully and in detail the 7 grounds upon which the person objecting relies to support the objection. 8 9 (4) A person may apply, in writing, to the CEO for an 10 extension of time to lodge an objection and the CEO may, if satisfied there is reasonable cause, grant an 11 application under this section and must serve notice of 12 13 the decision on the applicant as soon as is practicable 14 after making the decision. 15 (5) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the CEO must consider the objection and either allow the 16 17 objection in whole or part, or disallow it, and the CEO's decision is referred to as an 'objection 18 19 decision'. 20 (6) The CEO is not required to consider an objection 21 unless and until the person objecting has complied with all the requirements under this chapter or the revenue 22 law to which the objection relates in relation to the 23 24 making of tax returns and payment of tax.

(7) The CEO must serve notice of the objection

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1	decision on the person objecting as soon as practicable
2	after making the decision."
3	Section 20. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
4	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
5	a new section 820 to read as follows:
6	"Section 820. Judicial review.
7	(1) A person dissatisfied with an objection decision
8	may institute an action for review in a court of
9	competent jurisdiction in the FSM. Such action is
10	commenced by filing a petition, within 60 days after
11	service of notice of the objection decision, setting
12	<pre>forth:</pre>
13	(a) assignments of errors alleged to have been
14	committed by the CEO in making the objection decision;
15	(b) the facts relied upon to sustain such
16	assignments of errors; and
17	(c) a prayer for appropriate relief.
18	(2) The CEO is the defendant in proceedings under
19	subsection (1) of this section.
20	(3) The payment of the amount of tax in dispute, in
21	whole or part, after the filing of a petition under
22	subsection (1) of this section does not deprive the
23	court of jurisdiction.
24	(4) When the decision of the court or an appeal there
25	from becomes final, the CEO must, upon presentment of a

1	certified copy of the decree, make such adjustments to
2	comply with the decree as are necessary to correct,
3	amend, or abate the assessment, and determine whether an
4	additional amount of tax is to be assessed.
5	(5) This section shall not condition or limit the
6	right of a taxpayer to seek immediate judicial review of
7	any action taken or to be taken under subchapter VI of
8	this chapter."
9	Section 21. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
10	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
11	a new section 821 to read as follows:
12	"Section 821. General provisions relating to objections
13	and appeals.
14	(1) In any proceeding under this chapter:
15	(a) in the case of a tax assessment, the burden
16	is on the taxpayer to prove that the assessment is
17	excessive; or
18	(b) in the case of a tax decision (other than a
19	tax assessment), the burden is on the person objecting
20	to the decision to prove that the decision should not
21	have been made or should have been made differently.
22	(2) In an action for review by a court under section
23	820 of this chapter, the person bringing the action is
24	limited to the grounds stated in the person's objection
25	to the CEO.

1	(3) To the extent necessary for the making of a
2	decision and when presented, the reviewing court shall
3	decide all relevant questions of law and fact, interpret
4	constitutional and statutory provisions, and determine
5	the meaning or applicability of the terms of any action
6	taken by the CEO.
7	(4) The reviewing court shall:
8	(a) compel any action of the CEO unlawfully
9	withheld or unreasonably delayed; and
10	(b) hold unlawful and set aside any actions and
11	decisions of the CEO found to be:
12	(i) arbitrary, capricious, an abuse of
13	discretion, or otherwise not in accordance with law;
14	(ii) contrary to constitutional right,
15	<pre>power, privilege, or immunity;</pre>
16	(iii) in excess of statutory jurisdiction,
17	authority, or limitations, or a denial of legal rights;
18	(iv) without substantial compliance with the
19	procedures required by law; or
20	(v) unwarranted by the facts.
21	(5) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the
22	tax due under a tax assessment is payable
23	notwithstanding that an objection has been lodged or an
24	action for judicial review under section 820 of this
25	chapter has been instituted by the taxpayer in respect

1 of the assessment. 2 (6) The CEO may, upon application in writing by a taxpayer, agree to stay recovery of a tax in dispute 3 under a tax assessment up to a maximum of 50% of the 4 5 disputed tax, but only if the taxpayer has paid the entire amount of tax due under the assessment that is not in dispute." Section 22. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 9 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 10 amended by designating sections 824 to 831 as subchapter V 11 entitled "Recovery of Unpaid Tax". Section 23. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 12 13 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 14 a new section 824 to read as follows: 15 "Section 824. Payment of tax. 16 (1) A taxpayer must pay tax in the prescribed manner. 17 (2) Any unpaid tax may be sued for and recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction by the CEO suing in 18 his or her official capacity as collection agent for the 19 20 National or State Governments, as the case may be. 21 (3) In any suit under subsection (2) of this section, 22 the production of a certificate signed by the CEO stating the name and address of the taxpayer and the 23 24 amount of tax due is sufficient evidence that the amount 25 of tax is due by the taxpayer and sufficient authority

1	for the court to give judgment with full costs of suit
2	against the taxpayer."
3	Section 24. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
4	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
5	a new section 825 to read as follows:
6	"Section 825. Extension of time to pay tax.
7	(1) A taxpayer may apply, in writing, to the CEO for
8	an extension of time to pay tax due under a revenue law.
9	(2) If an application has been made under this
10	section, the CEO may, having regard to the circumstances
11	of the case:
12	(a) grant the taxpayer an extension of time for
13	payment of the tax due; or
14	(b) require the taxpayer to pay the tax due in
15	such installments as the CEO may determine, and the CEO
16	must serve the taxpayer with written notice of the
17	decision.
18	(3) If a taxpayer permitted to pay tax by
19	installments defaults in the payment of an installment,
20	the whole balance of the tax outstanding, at the time of
21	default, is immediately payable.
22	(4) The grant of an extension of time or permission
23	to pay tax due by installments does not preclude the
24	liability for late payment interest arising from the
25	original date the tax was due for payment."

1	Section 25. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
2	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
3	a new section 826 to read as follows:
4	"Section 826. Trustees, liquidators, and executors.
5	(1) In this section:
6	(a) "trustee" means:
7	(i) a liquidator of a company being wound
8	up;
9	(ii) a receiver for debenture holders who
10	has taken possession of any assets of a company;
11	(iii) a trustee in bankruptcy;
12	(iv) a mortgagee in possession;
13	(v) an executor of a deceased
14	estate; or
15	(vi) any other person holding a
16	similar office or acting in a similar capacity; and
17	(b) "taxpayer", in relation to a trustee, means
18	the person whose assets are in the possession or control
19	of the trustee, including if the trustee is an executor,
20	the estate of the deceased person.
21	(2) A trustee must, within 14 days after becoming a
22	trustee in respect of, or assuming the control of assets
23	of a taxpayer in the capacity as trustee, give written
24	notice thereof to the CEO.
25	(3) The CEO must notify the trustee, in writing, of

1	the amount of any tax that is payable by the taxpayer
2	and such notice must be served on the trustee within one
3	month of the CEO being served with a notice under
4	subsection (2) of this section.
5	(4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, a
6	trustee:
7	(a) must not, without the leave of the CEO,
8	dispose of any asset of the taxpayer until a notice has
9	been served on the trustee under subsection (3) of this
10	section;
11	(b) must set aside, out of the assets available
12	for the payment of tax due by the taxpayer, assets to
13	the value of the amount notified under subsection (3) or
14	this section, or the whole of the assets if their value
15	is less than the amount notified; and
16	(c) is, to the extent of the value of the assets
17	required to be set aside, liable for the tax due by the
18	taxpayer.
19	(5) A trustee may pay the expenses properly incurred
20	by the trustee in the capacity as such, including the
21	trustee's remuneration, in priority to the amount
22	notified under subsection (3) of this section.
23	(6) If two or more persons are trustees in respect of
24	a taxpayer, the obligations and liabilities under this
25	section apply jointly and severally to the trustees but

1	may be discharged by any of them.
2	(7) The amount that a trustee is liable for under
3	subsection (4)(c) of this section is treated as if it
4	were tax payable by the trustee as taxpayer for the
5	purposes of this subchapter, subchapter VI of this
6	chapter, and section 851 of this chapter."
7	Section 26. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
8	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
9	a new section 827 to read as follows:
10	"Section 827. Recovery of unpaid tax from third party.
11	(1) In this section, "payer" means a person who:
12	(a) owes or may subsequently owe money to a
13	taxpayer;
14	(b) holds or may subsequently hold money, for or
15	on account of, a taxpayer;
16	(c) holds money on account of some other person
17	for payment to a taxpayer; or
18	(d) has authority from some other person to pay
19	money to a taxpayer.
20	(2) This section applies if a taxpayer is liable to
21	pay tax and the tax has not been paid by the taxpayer by
22	the due date for payment. This remedy shall be in
23	addition to any right of levy and execution set forth in
24	subchapter VI of this chapter.
25	(3) If this section applies, the CEO may, by notice

1 in writing, require a payer in respect of the taxpayer 2 to pay the amount specified in the notice to the CEO, being an amount that does not exceed the amount of tax 3 that has not been paid. 4 5 (4) A payer must pay the amount specified in a notice under subsection (3) of this section by the date specified in the notice, being a date that is not before 7 the date that the amount owed to the taxpayer becomes 8 9 due to the taxpayer or held on the taxpayer's behalf. 10 (5) If a notice served under subsection (3) of this section requires a payer to deduct amounts from wages or 11 12 salaries, the amount required to be deducted by the 13 payer from each payment must not exceed 20% of the 14 amount of each payment of wages or salaries. 15 (6) If a person served with a notice under subsection (3) of this section is unable to comply with the notice 16 17 by reason of lack of moneys owing to, or held for, the taxpayer, the person must notify the CEO, in writing, 18 19 setting out the reasons for the person's inability to 20 comply. 21 (7) If a notice is served on the CEO under subsection 22 (6) of this section, the CEO may, by notice in writing: 23 (a) accept the notification and cancel or amend 24 the notice issued under subsection (3) of this section; 25 or

1 (b) reject the notification. 2 (8) The CEO must, by notice in writing to the payer, revoke or amend a notice served under subsection (3) of 3 this section if the taxpayer has paid the whole or part 4 5 of the tax due or has made an arrangement satisfactory to the CEO for payment of the tax. 6 7 (9) A copy of a notice served on a payer under this 8 section must be served on the taxpayer. 9 (10) An amount deducted from a payment by a payer 10 pursuant to a notice served on a payer under this section is held by the payer in trust for the Authority. 11 12 (11) A payer making a payment under this section is treated as acting under the authority of the taxpayer 13 14 and of all other persons concerned and is hereby 15 indemnified in respect of the payment. 16 (12) The CEO must apply any amount paid by a payer 17 under this section to the tax owing by the taxpayer. (13) A payer who, without reasonable cause, fails to 18 19 comply with a notice under this section is personally 20 liable for the amount specified in the notice. 21 (14) The amounts referred to in subsections (10) and 22 (13) of this section are treated as if they were tax payable by the payer as taxpayer for the purposes of 23 24 this subchapter, subchapter VI of this chapter, and 25 section 851 of this title."

Section 27. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 1 2 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 3 a new section 828 to read as follows: "Section 828. Seizure of goods. 4 (1) In addition to any other right of levy and 5 execution set forth in subchapter VI of this chapter and the powers of forfeiture under subchapter IV of chapter 2 of this title, the CEO or a revenue officer authorized 8 9 by the CEO in writing for the purposes of this section 10 may seize any goods if the VAT that is payable in respect of the supply or the import duty in respect of 11 the import of those goods has not been paid or the CEO 12 or authorized officer has reasonable grounds to believe 13 14 that such VAT or import duty will not be paid. 15 (2) Any goods seized under this section must be 16 stored in a place approved by the CEO or authorized 17 officer for the storage of seized goods. (3) If goods have been seized under subsection (1) of 18 this section, the CEO or authorized officer must, as 19 20 soon as is practicable after the seizure, serve on the 21 owner of the goods or the person who had custody or control of the goods immediately before the seizure, a 22 notice in writing: 23 24 (a) identifying the goods; 25 (b) stating that the goods have been seized

1 under this section and the reason for seizure; and 2 (c) setting out the terms of subsections (6), 3 (7), and (8) of this section. (4) The CEO or authorized officer is not required to 4 5 serve a notice under subsection (3) of this section if, after making reasonable enquiries, the CEO or authorized 7 officer does not have sufficient information to identify the person on whom the notice should be served. 8 9 (5) If subsection (4) of this section applies, the 10 CEO or authorized officer may serve a notice under subsection (3) of this section on any person claiming 11 12 the goods, provided the person has given the CEO or authorized officer sufficient information to enable the 13 14 notice to be served. 15 (6) The CEO or authorized officer may authorize any goods seized under subsection (1) of this section to be 16 17 delivered to the person on whom a notice under 18 subsection (3) of this section has been served if that 19 person has paid, or makes an arrangement satisfactory to 20 the CEO or authorized officer for payment of, the VAT that is payable in respect of the supply or import duty 21 22 in respect of the import of the goods. 23 (7) Except if subsection (6) of this section applies, the CEO or authorized officer must detain the goods 24 25 seized under subsection (1) of this section:

1	(a) in the case of perishable goods, for such
2	period as the CEO or authorized officer considers
3	reasonable having regard to the condition of the goods;
4	<u>or</u>
5	(b) in any other case, for 10 days after seizure
6	of the goods.
7	(8) If the detention period in subsection (7) of this
8	section has expired, the CEO or authorized officer may
9	sell the goods by public auction or, in the case of
10	perishable goods, may sell the goods in such manner as
11	the CEO or authorized officer determines, and apply the
12	proceeds of sale as follows:
13	(a) first towards the cost of taking, keeping,
14	and selling the goods seized;
15	(b) then towards payment of any VAT that is
16	payable in respect of the supply or import duty in
17	respect of the import of the goods;
18	(c) then towards payment of any other tax due by
19	the person whose goods have been seized; and
20	(d) the remainder of the proceeds, if any, must
21	be paid to the person whose goods have been seized.
22	(9) If the proceeds of disposal are less than the sum
23	of the cost of taking, keeping, and selling the goods
24	seized and the VAT or import duty due, the CEO or
25	authorized officer may proceed under this chapter to

1 recover the excess. 2 (10) The costs of taking, keeping, and selling the seized goods is treated as if they were tax payable by 3 the person whose goods have been seized as taxpayer for 4 5 the purposes of this subchapter and section 851 of this chapter." 7 Section 28. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 8 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 9 a new section 829 to read as follows: 10 "Section 829. CEO may require security. The CEO may, for the purposes of securing payment of any 11 tax that is or will become due, require a taxpayer to 12 give security in such amount and in such manner as the 13 14 CEO thinks fit." 15 Section 29. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 16 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a new section 830 to read as follows: 18 "Section 830. Taxpayer leaving the FSM. (1) If the CEO has reasonable grounds to believe that 19 20 a taxpayer may leave the FSM before the due date for 21 payment of any tax and the taxpayer has not made an 22 arrangement satisfactory to the CEO for payment of the tax, the tax is due on such date as specified by the CEO 23 24 by notice in writing to the taxpayer. 25 (2) If the CEO has reasonable grounds to believe that

1	a taxpayer may leave the FSM without paying tax due, the
2	CEO may issue a certificate containing those grounds and
3	the particulars of the tax due to the FSM Department of
4	Justice and requesting the prevention of the taxpayer
5	from leaving the FSM until the taxpayer:
6	(a) makes payment of the tax due in full; or
7	(b) makes an arrangement satisfactory to the CEO
8	for payment of the tax due.
9	(3) The CEO must serve a copy of a certificate issued
10	under subsection (2) of this section on the taxpayer
11	named in the certificate if it is practicable to do so.
12	(4) Payment of the tax specified in the certificate
13	to a customs or immigration officer or the production of
14	a certificate signed by the CEO stating that the tax has
15	been paid or satisfactory arrangements for payment have
16	been made is sufficient authority for allowing the
17	taxpayer to leave the FSM."
18	Section 30. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
19	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
20	a new section 831 to read as follows:
21	"Section 831. Temporary closure of business.
22	(1) If a taxpayer fails to pay VAT or tax withheld
23	from wages and salaries on or before the due date, the
24	CEO or a revenue officer authorized by the CEO, in
25	writing, for the purposes of this section may notify the

taxpayer in writing of the intention to close down part

or the whole of the taxpayer's business unless the

taxpayer pays the tax due within seven days of the date

of the notice.

- (2) If a taxpayer fails to comply with a notice under subsection (1) of this section, the CEO or authorized officer may issue an order to close down part or the whole of the business of that person for a period not exceeding 14 days.
- (3) The CEO or authorized officer may, at any time, enter any premises described in an order issued under subsection (2) of this section for the purposes of executing the order and shall require a police officer to be present while the order is being executed.
- (4) The CEO or authorized officer shall affix, in a conspicuous place on the front of the premises of the business or part of the business which has been closed under an order issued under subsection (2) of this section, a notice in the following words 'CLOSED TEMPORARILY FOR NOT COMPLYING WITH TAX OBLIGATIONS BY ORDER OF THE CEO OF THE FSM UNIFIED REVENUE AUTHORITY UNDER SECTION 831 OF THE REVENUE ADMINISTRATION ACT'.
- (5) If the tax due is paid in full within the period of closure, or a satisfactory arrangement is reached with the CEO with respect to payment of the tax, the

order issued under subsection (2) of this section ceases 1 2 to have effect and the CEO must immediately arrange for removal of the notice referred to in subsection (4) of 3 this section." 4 5 Section 31. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 7 amended by designating sections 834 to 839 as subchapter VI 8 entitled "Levy and Execution". Section 32. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 9 10 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 11 a new section 834 to read as follows: 12 "Section 834. Tax as lien on property. 13 (1) If any taxpayer neglects or refuses to pay, or 14 withhold and pay, or collect and pay any tax that is due 15 after assessment or demand for payment as provided in this title, the amount of the tax shall be a lien in 16 17 favor of the Authority on all the property of that 18 taxpayer as allowed hereunder. (2) The lien imposed by subsection (1) of this 19 20 section shall arise at the time that the assessment or 21 demand has been made as provided in this chapter, and 22 shall continue until the liability for payment of the amount assessed or demanded is satisfied or 23 24 extinguished. 25 (3) As against any mortgagee, pledgee, purchaser,

1 judgment creditor, lienor or other encumbrance for value, the lien imposed by subsection (1) of this 2 section shall not be considered to have arisen or have 3 any effect whatever unless notice of the lien has been 4 5 filed. Against all subsequently arising interests, the lien shall have priority. 6 7 (4) The notice of lien must be filed in the Supreme Court of the State in which the property is located and 8 9 a copy thereof sent by certified or registered mail to 10 the taxpayer not less than 45 days after the assessment or demand for payment as provided in this title. The 11 notice of lien: 12 13 (a) shall identify the taxpayer whose liability 14 for taxes is sought to be enforced, the type or nature 15 of the tax, the amount of the tax due on the date that the notice is filed plus any penalty or interest that 16 17 may be chargeable, the date or approximate date on which 18 the tax became due, and the date on which the assessment 19 or demand for payment was delivered or mailed; and 20 (b) shall state: 21 (i) that the Authority claims a lien for 22 the entire amount of tax asserted to be due, including applicable interest and penalties, and including any 23 additional amounts that may become due after the notice 24

is filed; and

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1 (ii) that the lien may result in the levy and sale of the property if the amounts asserted to be 2 3 due are not paid in full. (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 4 5 chapter, the following described property shall be exempt from the taking of liens and subsequent 7 attachment and execution as imposed under this chapter: (a) personal and household goods. All necessary 8 9 household furniture, cooking and eating utensils, and 10 all necessary wearing apparel, bedding, and provisions for household use sufficient for four months; 11 12 (b) necessities for trade or occupation. All tools, implements, utensils, work animals and vehicles 13 14 that are not used for personal transportation, including 15 travel from residence to place of employment and return thereto, and equipment necessary to enable the person 16 17 against whom the attachment or execution is issued to carry on his usual occupation; and 18 (c) certain interests in land. All interests in 19 20 land, exclusive of leasehold interests, except where 21 such interests can be shown to have been acquired to avoid attachment or execution with respect to the cause 22 of action to which the attachment or execution is 23 24 ordered, or where attachment or execution against such 25 interest in land is specifically permitted under a real

1 property mortgage statute or real property deed of trust 2 statute for the State in which the interest is located." Section 33. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 3 4 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 5 a new section 835 to read as follows: "Section 835. Warrant for collection of tax; 6 issuance; effect; levy and sale. 7 (1) If, within 30 days following filing of the notice 8 9 of lien pursuant to section 834 of this chapter, the 10 delinquent taxpayer fails or refuses to pay all sums secured by the same, or to enter into other arrangements 11 for the payment of the same, as provided in this title, 12 the Authority may issue a tax warrant for the 13 enforcement of such lien and for the collection of any 14 15 tax secured by the lien. Upon issuing the tax warrant, any property of the delinquent taxpayer, except as 16 17 provided in section 834(5) of this chapter, may be levied and converted to money in accordance with this 18 19 chapter. 20 (2) A levy shall be executed by taking possession of 21 the taxpayer's property pursuant to authority contained 22 in the tax warrant or by serving the warrant upon the taxpayer, upon any other person in possession of 23 24 property of the taxpayer, or upon any person or 25 depository, including any officer or employee of any

1 governmental entity, subdivision or agency, who owes or 2 who will owe money to the taxpayer, who is holding funds of the taxpayer, and ordering him to reveal the extent 3 thereof and surrender it to the state forthwith or agree 4 5 to surrender it or the proceeds therefrom in the future, but, in any case, on the terms and conditions stated in 7 the tax warrant. (3) The tax warrant shall be directed to and executed 8 9 by the Department of Justice of the Federated States of 10 Micronesia, or, to the extent required by State law, by the Attorney General of the State in which the property 11 12 may be located. Except as provided otherwise by this title, the tax warrant shall be levied and the sale or 13 14 other disposal made in the same manner and with the same 15 effect as a levy and sale under a writ of execution. 16 (4) A tax warrant shall: 17 (a) bear on its face a statement of the 18 authority for its issuance and service, compel 19 compliance with its terms, and shall be attested to, 20 under oath, by the CEO; 21 (b) identify the taxpayer whose liability for 22 taxes is sought to be enforced, the amount thereof, and 23 the date or approximate date on which the tax became 24 due; 25 (c) state that the Authority claims a lien for

1 the entire amount of tax asserted to be due, including 2 applicable interest and penalties; 3 (d) order the person on whom it is served to reveal all property in his possession, custody or 4 5 control that belongs to the taxpayer and the extent of his own interest therein; and to reveal the amount and 7 kind of property of the taxpayer that, to the best of his knowledge, is in the possession, custody or control 8 9 of others; 10 (e) order the person on whom it is served to surrender the property forthwith, but may allow him to 11 12 agree, in writing, to surrender the property or the proceeds therefrom on a certain date in the future when 13 14 the taxpayer's right to it would otherwise mature; and 15 (f) state on its face the penalties for willful 16 failure by any person upon whom it is served to comply with its terms. 17 (5) Whenever any property upon which levy has been 18 made by virtue of a tax warrant is not sufficient to 19 20 satisfy the claim for which levy is made, the CEO, 21 thereafter, and as often as may be necessary, may 22 proceed to levy in like manner upon any other property of the taxpayer against whom the claim exists, until the 23 amount due from the taxpayer is fully paid. 24 25 Section 34. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

1 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting

- 2 a new section 836 to read as follows:
- 3 "Section 836. Surrender of property subject to levy;
- 4 penalty and notice.

- (1) Upon receipt of a tax warrant issued pursuant to section 835 of this chapter, any person in possession or control of property subject to levy under a tax warrant shall immediately surrender the property or discharge the obligation to the CEO; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that the property or part of the property, that is already the subject of a bona fide attachment, execution, levy or other similar process need not be surrendered.
 - wrongfully fails or refuses to comply therewith shall be liable in his own person and estate to the Authority in a sum equal to the value of the property not so surrendered or paid over, but not exceeding the amount of the taxes for the collection of which such levy has been made, together with penalties and interest on such sum from the date of such levy, plus the costs of executing the warrant.
 - (3) As soon as practicable after the levy, the CEO shall notify the taxpayer of the amount and kind of property seized and of the total amount demanded in payment of tax."

1 Section 35. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

2 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting

3 a new section 837 to read as follows:

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- 4 "Section 837. Notice of sale; redemption.
- 5 (1) As soon as practicable after the levy and seizure of the property pursuant to section 835 of this chapter, the CEO shall decide on a date, time and place for the 7 sale of any property, excepting cash or liquid deposits, 8 9 which may be immediately applied pursuant to section 839 10 of this chapter, and shall make a diligent inquiry as to the identity and whereabouts of the owner of the 11 12 property and persons having an interest therein, and 13 shall notify the owner and such persons of the time and 14 place for the sale.
 - (2) Notice of the sale must be given to the delinquent taxpayer, in writing, at least 30 days before the date set for the sale. Such notice shall contain a description of the property to be sold, a statement of the amount due, including interest, penalties and costs, the name of the delinquent taxpayer, and a statement that, unless the amount due plus interest, penalties and costs are paid on or before the time fixed in the notice for the sale, the property, or so much of it as is necessary, will be sold in accordance with law and the notice.

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(3) No sale of imperishable property shall be held until after the expiration of 30 days from the date of the levy thereon; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that perishable property may be sold immediately after seizure without notice of the sale. The CEO shall make special efforts pursuant to rules and regulations to give notice of the sale to persons with a particular interest in special property, and, apart from the requirements stated above, shall advertise the sale in a manner appropriate to the kind of property to be sold.

- (4) If any property of the taxpayer subject to levy cannot be reasonably divided so as to enable the CEO to sell a part thereof to raise the whole amount of the tax and expenses, the whole of the taxpayer's interest in the property shall be sold.
- (5) The levy and sale shall not be made, or the levy and sale shall be terminated and released if the taxpayer pays the entire amount due, furnishes security, or makes other arrangements for payment that are acceptable to the CEO as provided in this title. Upon making such payment or arrangements the CEO shall restore the property to the taxpayer, and all further proceedings in connection with the levy and sale of the property shall cease from the time of the payment or signing of an agreement with the Authority."

1 Section 36. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

- 2 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
- 3 a new section 838 to read as follows:

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- 4 "Section 838. Sale; delivery of bill of sale;
- 5 disposition of unsold portion.
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this

 section, the Authority shall sell the property,

 excluding cash and liquid deposits, at a public auction

 and in accordance with the notice of sale, and shall

 deliver to the purchaser a bill of sale for the property
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this
 section, payment must be in full, in cash or its
 equivalent, and made immediately after the acceptance of
 a bid for the property.
 - (3) The unsold portion of any property seized may be left at the place of sale at the risk and cost of the delinquent taxpayer.
 - (4) The foregoing notwithstanding, stocks, bonds, certificates of deposit, promissory notes or other securities which have a specific value or prevailing market price may be sold by the Authority at a private sale at a price not lower than the specific price or prevailing market price, or may otherwise be liquidated to their cash value in accordance with the regulations

promulgated by the CEO. No such liquidation may occur 1 2 sooner than the date scheduled for the sale as stated in 3 the notice." 4 Section 37. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 5 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a new section 839 to read as follows: "Section 839. Proceeds of levy and sale. 7 (1) Money realized by levy or sale under this title 8 9 shall be first applied against the expenses of the 10 proceedings; (2) The amount remaining, if any, then shall be 11 applied to the liability for the tax, interest and 12 13 penalties for which the levy was pursued; (3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this 14 15 section, the balance, if any, shall be returned to the taxpayer or the person legally entitled thereto and a 16 17 receipt obtained; (4) If, before the sale, any person having an 18 interest in or lien upon the property files with the 19 20 Authority notice of his interest or lien, the Authority 21 shall withhold any excess, pending a determination of 22 the rights of the respective parties to it by a Court of competent jurisdiction." 23 24 Section 38. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 25 Federated States of Micronesia, (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 1 amended by designating sections 842 to 848 as subchapter VII

- 2 entitled "Record Keeping and Information Collection".
- 3 Section 39. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
- 4 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
- 5 a new section 842 to read as follows:
- 6 "Section 842. Accounts and records.
- 7 (1) Every taxpayer must, for the purposes of a
- 8 revenue law, maintain in the FSM such accounts,
- 9 documents, and records (including in electronic form) as
- 10 may be required under the revenue law and such accounts,
- documents, and records must be retained by the taxpayer
- for six years after the end of the tax period to which
- they relate.
- 14 (2) If any accounts, documents, or records referred
- to in subsection (1) of this section are not in English,
- the CEO may, by notice in writing, require the person
- keeping the accounts, documents, or records to provide,
- at the person's expense, a translation into English by a
- 19 translator approved by the CEO."
- 20 Section 40. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
- 21 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
- 22 a new section 843 to read as follows:
- "Section 843. Power to enter and search.
- 24 (1) For the purposes of administering a revenue law,
- 25 the CEO or a revenue officer authorized by the CEO, in

1 writing, for the purposes of this section: 2 (a) must have, upon presentation of a warrant issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, full and 3 free access to any premises, place, property, book, 4 5 record, or data storage device; (b) may, upon presentation of a warrant issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, make an extract or 7 copy of any accounts, documents, books, or records 8 9 (including in electronic form) to which access is 10 obtained under paragraph (a) of this subsection; 11 (c) may, upon presentation of a warrant issued 12 by a court of competent jurisdiction, seize any 13 accounts, documents, books, or records that, in the 14 opinion of the CEO or authorized officer, afford 15 evidence that may be material in determining the tax 16 liability of a taxpayer; 17 (d) may retain any accounts, documents, books, or records seized under paragraph (c) of this subsection 18 for as long as they may be required for determining a 19 20 taxpayer's tax liability or for any proceeding under a 21 revenue law; and 22 (e) may, if a hard copy or copy on data storage 23 media of information stored on a data storage device is 24 not provided, seize and retain the device for as long as 25 is necessary to copy the information required.

1 (2) A revenue officer is not entitled to enter or 2 remain on any premises or place if, upon request by the owner or lawful occupier, the officer is unable to 3 produce the CEO's written authorization permitting the 4 5 officer to exercise powers under subsection (1) of this section. (3) The CEO or authorized officer may require a 7 police officer to be present for the purposes of 8 9 exercising powers under this section. 10 (4) Upon presentation by the CEO or authorized officer of a warrant issued by a court of competent 11 jurisdiction, the owner or lawful occupier of the 12 premises or place to which an exercise of power under 13 subsection (1) of this section relates must provide all 14 15 reasonable facilities and assistance to the CEO or 16 authorized officer. 17 (5) A person whose accounts, documents, books, or records have been seized under subsection (1) of this 18 19 section may examine them and make copies, at the 20 person's expense, during office hours. 21 (6) A person whose data storage device has been seized under subsection (1) of this section may have 22 access to the device during office hours on such terms 23

and conditions as the CEO or authorized officer may

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specify.

1	(7) The CEO or authorized officer must sign for all
2	accounts, documents, books, records, or data storage
3	devices removed and retained under this section and
4	return them to the owner within 14 days of the
5	conclusion of the investigation to which they relate and
6	all related proceedings.
7	(8) This section has effect notwithstanding:
8	(a) any law relating to privilege or the public
9	interest with respect to the giving of information or
10	the production of any property, accounts, documents,
11	books, or records (including in electronic form); or
12	(b) any contractual duty of confidentiality."
13	Section 41. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
14	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
15	a new section 844 to read as follows:
16	"Section 844. Administrative summons.
17	(1) The CEO may, for the purposes of administering
18	any revenue law, by notice in writing, require any
19	person:
20	(a) to furnish such information as the CEO may
21	require;
22	(b) to attend and give evidence concerning that
23	person's or any other person's tax affairs; or
24	(c) to produce all accounts, books, documents,
25	and records (including in electronic form) in the

1 person's custody or under the person's control relating 2 to that person's or any other person's tax affairs. 3 (2) If a notice served under subsection (1) of this section requires the production of accounts, books, 4 5 documents, or records (including in electronic form), it is sufficient if such accounts, books, documents, or 7 records are described in the notice with reasonable certainty. 8 9 (3) A notice issued under this section must be served 10 personally upon the person to whom it is directed or left at the person's last known usual place of business 11 12 or abode and the certificate of service signed by the person serving the notice is conclusive evidence of the 13 14 facts stated therein. 15 (4) The CEO may require the information or evidence 16 referred to in subsection (1) of this section to be 17 given under oath, verbally or in writing, and, for that purpose, the CEO may administer the oath. 18 19 (5) This section has effect notwithstanding: 20 (a) any law relating to privilege or the public 21 interest with respect to the giving of information or the production of any property, accounts, documents, 22 books, or records (including in electronic form); or 23 (b) any contractual duty of confidentiality." 24 25 Section 42. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

1 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 2 a new section 845 to read as follows: "Section 845. Audit of taxpayer's tax affairs. 3 (1) The CEO may select any taxpayer for an audit of 4 the taxpayer's tax affairs for the purpose of a revenue 5 law having regard to: (a) the taxpayer's history of compliance or noncompliance with the revenue law or any other revenue 8 9 law; 10 (b) the amount of tax payable by the taxpayer; (c) the class of business conducted by the 11 12 taxpayer; or 13 (d) any other matter that the CEO considers 14 relevant to ensuring the collection of tax due. 15 (2) The fact that a taxpayer has been audited in 16 relation to a tax period does not preclude the taxpayer 17 from being audited again in the relation to the next and following tax periods if there are reasonable grounds 18 for the audits, particularly having regard to the 19 20 matters referred to in subsection (1) of this section. 21 (3) An audit of a taxpayer's tax affairs may be 22 conducted for the purposes of more than one revenue 23 law." 24 Section 43. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 25 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting

1	a new section 846 to read as follows:
2	"Section 846. Issue of Taxpayer Identification
3	Numbers.
4	(1) The CEO may, for the purposes of identification
5	and cross-checking, require a taxpayer to apply for a
6	Taxpayer Identification Number.
7	(2) An application for a Taxpayer Identification
8	Number must be:
9	(a) in the prescribed form;
10	(b) accompanied by documentary evidence of the
11	person's identity as prescribed; and
12	(c) lodged in the prescribed manner.
13	(3) If a person has applied for a Taxpayer
14	Identification Number under subsection (1) of this
15	section and the CEO is satisfied that the applicant's
16	identity has been established, the CEO must issue a
17	Taxpayer Identification Number to the applicant by
18	written notice.
19	(4) The CEO must refuse an application under this
20	section:
21	(a) if the CEO is not satisfied as to the
22	applicant's true identity;
23	(b) if the applicant has already been issued
24	with a Taxpayer Identification Number that is still in
25	force; or

1	(c) for any other reason the CEO considers
2	appropriate.
3	(5) The CEO must serve the applicant with written
4	notice of the decision to refuse an application under
5	this section within 14 days after making the decision.
6	(6) The CEO may, without an application being made,
7	issue a Taxpayer Identification Number to any person
8	<pre>liable for tax under a revenue law."</pre>
9	Section 44. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
10	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
11	a new section 847 to read as follows:
12	"Section 847. Cancellation of Taxpayer Identification
13	Number.
14	(1) A person who ceases to be a taxpayer must apply
15	to the CEO, in the prescribed form, for cancellation of
16	the person's Taxpayer Identification Number within 30
17	days of the date on which the person ceased to be a
18	taxpayer.
19	(2) The CEO must, by notice in writing, cancel a
20	Taxpayer Identification Number:
21	(a) if the person has ceased to be a taxpayer;
22	(b) if a Taxpayer Identification Number has been
23	issued to the person under an identity that is not the
24	<pre>person's true identity;</pre>
25	(c) if the person has already been issued with a

1 Taxpayer Identification Number that is still in force; 2 or 3 (d) for any other reason the CEO considers 4 appropriate. 5 (3) The CEO may, at any time, by notice in writing, cancel the Taxpayer Identification Number issued to a person and issue the person with a new Taxpayer Identification Number." Section 45. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 10 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 11 a new section 848 to read as follows: "Section 848. Quotation of Taxpayer Identification 12 13 Number. 14 The CEO may require a taxpayer to state the taxpayer's 15 Taxpayer Identification Number in any tax return, 16 notice, or other document used for the purposes of any revenue law." 17 Section 46. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 18 19 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 20 amended by designating sections 851 to 852 as subchapter VIII 21 entitled "Representatives". 22 Section 47. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 23 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 24 a new section 851 to read as follows: 25 "Section 871. Liabilities and obligations of

1 representatives. 2 (1) Every representative of a taxpayer is responsible for performing any duties or obligations imposed by a 3 revenue law on the taxpayer, including the payment of 4 5 tax. (2) A representative making a payment of tax on 6 7 behalf of a taxpayer is treated as acting under the authority of the taxpayer and is hereby indemnified in 8 9 respect of the payment. 10 (3) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, any tax that, by virtue of subsection (1) of this section, 11 is payable by a representative of a taxpayer is 12 recoverable from the representative only to the extent 13 14 of any assets of the taxpayer that are in the possession 15 or under the control of the representative. (4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, a 16 17 representative is personally liable for the payment of any tax due by the representative in that capacity if, 18 while the amount remains unpaid, the representative 19 20 disposes of or parts with any moneys or funds belonging 21 to the taxpayer that are in the possession of the 22 representative or which come to the representative after the tax is payable, if such tax was required by law to 23 24 have been paid from or out of such moneys or funds.

(5) Nothing in subsection (3) of this section

1 prevents a representative paying an amount on behalf of 2 a taxpayer that has priority over the revenue payable by 3 the taxpayer. (6) If there are two or more representatives of a 4 5 taxpayer, the duties or obligations referred to in this section apply jointly and severally to the 7 representatives but may be discharged by any of them. (7) Nothing in this section relieves a taxpayer from 8 9 performing any duties or obligations imposed on the 10 taxpayer under a revenue law that the representative of the taxpayer has failed to perform. 11 12 (8) The amount that a representative is liable for under subsection (4) of this section is treated as if it 13 were tax payable by the representative for the purposes 14 15 of subchapters V and VI of this chapter, and section 865 16 of this chapter." Section 48. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 17 18 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a new section 852 to read as follows: 20 "Section 852. Liability for tax payable by a company 21 left with insufficient assets. 22 (1) This section applies if an arrangement has been entered into with the intention of rendering a company 23 unable to satisfy a current or future tax liability 24 25 under a revenue law.

1	(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, if
2	this section applies, every person who was a director or
3	controlling shareholder of the company at the time the
4	arrangement was entered into is jointly and severally
5	liable for the tax liability of the company.
6	(3) The amount that a person is liable for under
7	subsection (2) of this section is treated as if it were
8	tax payable by the person for the purposes of
9	subchapters V and VI of this chapter, and section 865 of
10	this chapter.
11	(4) A director of a company is not liable under this
12	section for the tax liability of the company if the CEO
13	is satisfied that the director derived no financial or
14	other benefit from the arrangement and:
15	(a) the director has, on becoming aware of the
16	arrangement, formally recorded with the company his or
17	her dissent and notified the CEO, in writing, of the
18	arrangement; or
19	(b) the director satisfies the CEO that, at the
20	time the arrangement was entered into:
21	(i) the director was not involved in the
22	executive management of the company; and
23	(ii) the director had no knowledge of, and
24	could not reasonably have been expected to know of the
25	arrangement.

1	(5) For the purposes of this section, a controlling
2	shareholder of a company is any person who beneficially
3	holds, either alone or together with an associate or
4	associates:
5	(a) more than 50% of the voting rights in the
6	company;
7	(b) more than 50% of the rights to dividends; or
8	(c) more than 50% the rights to capital."
9	Section 49. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the
10	Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby
11	amended by designating sections 855 to 862 as subchapter IX
12	entitled "Rulings".
13	Section 50. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
14	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
15	a new section 855 to read as follows:
16	"Section 855. Binding public rulings.
17	(1) The CEO may make a public ruling in accordance
18	with section 856 of this chapter setting out the CEO's
19	interpretation on the application of a revenue law.
20	(2) A public ruling made in accordance with section
21	856 of this title is binding on the CEO until withdrawn.
22	(3) A public ruling is not binding on a taxpayer."
23	Section 51. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
24	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
25	a new section 856 to read as follows:

1	"Section 856. Making a public ruling.
2	(1) The CEO shall print and maintain a gazette or
3	other publication of public rulings to be made available
4	free of charge to the public. The CEO shall make a
5	public ruling by publishing a notice of the ruling in
6	such gazette.
7	(2) A public ruling must state that it is a public
8	ruling and have a number and subject heading by which it
9	can be identified.
10	(3) A public ruling applies from the date specified
11	in the ruling and if no date is specified, from the date
12	of publication in the gazette identified in subsection
13	(1) of this section."
14	Section 52. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
15	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
16	a new section 857 to read as follows:
17	"Section 857. Withdrawal of a public ruling.
18	(1) The CEO may withdraw a public ruling, in whole or
19	part, by publishing notice of the withdrawal in the
20	gazette identified in section 856 of this title.
21	(2) If legislation is passed, or the CEO makes
22	another public ruling, that is inconsistent with an
23	existing public ruling, the existing ruling is treated
24	as withdrawn to the extent of the inconsistency.
25	(3) The withdrawal of a public ruling, in whole or

1 part, has effect: 2 (a) if subsection (1) of this section applies, from the date specified in the notice of withdrawal and 3 if no date is specified, from the date notice of the 4 withdrawal is published in the gazette; or 5 (b) if subsection (2) of this section applies, 7 from the date of application of the inconsistent legislation or public ruling. 8 9 (4) A public ruling that has been withdrawn in whole 10 or in part: (a) continues to apply to a transaction 11 12 commenced before the public ruling was withdrawn; and 13 (b) does not apply to a transaction commenced after the ruling was withdrawn to the extent that the 14 15 ruling is withdrawn." Section 53. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 16 17 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 18 a new section 858 to read as follows: "Section 858. Binding private rulings. 19 20 (1) Subject to section 859 of this title, the CEO 21 shall, upon application in writing by a taxpayer, issue 22 to the taxpayer a private ruling setting out the CEO's position regarding the application of a revenue law to a 23 24 transaction entered into, or proposed to be entered 25 into, by the taxpayer.

1	(2) If the taxpayer has made a full and true
2	disclosure of all aspects of the transaction relevant to
3	the making of a private ruling and the transaction has
4	proceeded in all material respects as described in the
5	taxpayer's application for the ruling, the ruling is
6	binding on the CEO in relation to the taxpayer.
7	(3) A private ruling is not binding on the taxpayer
8	to whom it is issued.
9	(4) If a private ruling is inconsistent with an
10	existing public ruling, the private ruling has priority
11	to the extent of the inconsistency."
12	Section 54. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
13	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
14	a new section 859 to read as follows:
15	"Section 859. Refusing an application for a private
16	ruling.
17	(1) The CEO may refuse an application for a private
18	ruling if:
19	(a) the CEO has already decided the matter that
20	is the subject of the application in a tax assessment;
21	(b) the CEO is of the opinion that an existing
22	public ruling adequately covers the matter that is the
23	subject of the application;
24	(c) the application relates to a matter that is
25	the subject of a tax audit or an objection;

1	(d) the application is frivolous or vexatious;
2	(e) the arrangement to which the application
3	relates has not been carried out and there are
4	reasonable grounds to believe that it will not be
5	<pre>carried out;</pre>
6	(f) the applicant has not provided the CEO with
7	sufficient information to make a private ruling; or
8	(g) in the opinion of the CEO, it would be
9	unreasonable to comply with the application having
10	regard to the resources needed to comply and any other
11	matters the CEO considers relevant, such as disadvantage
12	to other taxpayers.
13	(2) The CEO shall serve the applicant with a written
14	notice of the refusal to make a private ruling."
15	Section 55. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
16	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
17	a new section 860 to read as follows:
18	"Section 860. Making a private ruling.
19	(1) The CEO must make a private ruling unless section
20	859 of this title applies.
21	(2) The CEO makes a private ruling by serving written
22	notice of the ruling on the applicant.
23	(3) The CEO may make a private ruling on the basis of
24	assumptions about a future event or other matter as
25	considered appropriate.

1	(4) A private ruling must set out the matter ruled on
2	<pre>identifying:</pre>
3	(a) the taxpayer;
4	(b) the revenue law relevant to the ruling;
5	(c) the tax period to which the ruling applies;
6	(d) the arrangement to which the ruling relates;
7	and
8	(e) any assumptions on which the ruling is
9	based.
10	(5) A private ruling is made at the time the
11	applicant is served with notice of the ruling and
12	remains in force for the period specified in the ruling
13	(6) The making of a private ruling is not a tax
14	decision for the purposes of this chapter."
15	Section 56. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
16	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
17	a new section 861 to read as follows:
18	"Section 861. Withdrawal of a private ruling.
19	(1) The CEO may, for reasonable cause, withdraw a
20	private ruling, in whole or part, by written notice
21	served on the applicant.
22	(2) If legislation is passed, or the CEO publishes a
23	public ruling, that is inconsistent with a private
24	ruling, the private ruling is treated as withdrawn to
25	the extent of the inconsistency.

1	(3) The withdrawal of a private ruling, in whole or
2	<pre>part, has effect:</pre>
3	(a) if subsection (1) of this section applies,
4	from the date specified in the notice of withdrawal; or
5	(b) if subsection (2) of this section applies,
6	from the date of application of the inconsistent
7	legislation or public ruling.
8	(4) A private ruling that has been withdrawn:
9	(a) continues to apply to a transaction
10	commenced before the ruling was withdrawn; and
11	(b) does not apply to a transaction commenced
12	after the ruling was withdrawn to the extent that the
13	ruling is withdrawn.
14	(5) A decision to withdraw a private ruling is not a
15	tax decision for the purposes of this chapter."
16	Section 57. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
17	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
18	a new section 862 to read as follows:
19	"Section 862. Publication of private rulings.
20	The CEO shall include in the gazette or other
21	publication referred to in section 856(1) of this title
22	an edited version of a binding private ruling issued to
23	a taxpayer. The edited version must not disclose the
24	identity of the taxpayer."
25	Section 58. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the

1 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 2 amended by designating sections 865 to 870 as subchapter X 3 entitled "Interest and Administrative Penalties". 4 Section 59. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 5 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a new section 865 to read as follows: "Section 865. Late payment interest. 7 (1) A person who fails to pay any tax due on or 8 9 before the due date for payment is liable for late 10 payment interest at the rate of six percent per annum on the amount unpaid calculated from the date the payment 11 12 was due to the date the payment is made. 13 (2) Late payment interest paid by a person under 14 subsection (1) of this section must be refunded to the 15 person to the extent that the principal amount to which 16 the interest relates is found not to have been payable. 17 (3) Late payment interest payable by a person is 18 borne personally by the person and is not recoverable 19 from any other person: 20 (a) in respect of tax withheld by the person 21 under chapter 1 or 5 of this title from a payment made 22 by the person; or 23 (b) in respect of an amount referred to in sections 826(7), 827(14), or 851(8) of this chapter 24 25 payable by the person.

1	(4) Late payment interest payable under this section
2	is simple interest.
3	(5) Late payment interest payable under this section
4	is treated as tax payable by a taxpayer for the purposes
5	of subchapter V of this chapter and section 851 of this
6	chapter.
7	(6) Late payment interest payable under this section
8	is in addition to any penalty imposed under this
9	subchapter or any fine or imprisonment imposed under
10	subchapter XI of this chapter in respect of the same act
11	or omission."
12	Section 60. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
13	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
14	a new section 866 to read as follows:
15	"Section 866. Penalty for failure to file a tax return
16	or lodge other document.
17	(1) A person who fails to file a tax return or lodge
18	any other document as required under any revenue law is
19	<u>liable:</u>
20	(a) in the case of a failure to file a tax
21	return under which tax is payable, for a penalty of one
22	percent of the amount of tax payable under the return
23	for each month or part of a month that the return
24	remains unfiled; or
25	(b) in any other case, for a penalty of \$10 for

1 each day of default. 2 (2) A taxpayer served with a notice of assessment by the CEO under section 811 of this title is liable for a 3 penalty of 25% of the tax assessed (taking into account 4 any subsequent amendment of the assessment) in addition 5 to the penalty imposed under subsection (1)(a) of this 6 7 section. 8 (3) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this 9 section, a person ceases to be in default at the time 10 the document is received by the CEO." 11 Section 61. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 12 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 13 a new section 867 to read as follows: "Section 867. Penalty for failure to pay tax by due 14 15 date. 16 (1) A taxpayer who fails to pay a tax when due is 17 liable for a penalty equal to 10% of the amount of tax due for each month, or part of a month, that the tax 18 remains unpaid subject to a maximum penalty of 100% of 19 20 the unpaid tax. 21 (2) The penalty imposed under subsection (1) of this 22 section is in addition to interest payable under section 865 of this chapter for late payment of tax. The ceiling 23 24 on the amount of penalty payable under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to or take into account 25

1	interest payable under section 865 of this title.
2	(3) The reference to "tax" in subsection (1) of this
3	section does not include penalty."
4	Section 62. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
5	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
6	a new section 868 to read as follows:
7	"Section 868. Penalty for failure to maintain proper
8	records.
9	(1) A taxpayer who fails to maintain accounts,
10	documents, or records as required under a revenue law is
11	liable:
12	(a) if the failure was knowingly or recklessly
13	made, for a penalty equal to 50% of the amount of tax
14	payable by the taxpayer for the tax period to which the
15	failure relates; or
16	(b) in any other case, for a penalty equal to
17	ten percent of the amount of tax payable by the taxpayer
18	for the tax period to which the failure relates.
19	<pre>(2) [Reserved]"</pre>
20	Section 63. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
21	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
22	a new section 869 to read as follows:
23	"Section 869. Penalty for making false or misleading
24	statement.
25	(1) This section applies to a person:

1	(a) who makes a statement to a revenue officer
2	that is false or misleading in a material particular or
3	omits from a statement made to a revenue officer any
4	matter or thing without which the statement is false or
5	misleading in a material particular; and
6	(b) whose statement results in the tax liability
7	of any person computed on the basis of the statement
8	being less than it would have been if the statement had
9	not been false or misleading (the difference being
10	referred to as the "tax shortfall").
11	(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, a
12	person to whom this section applies is liable:
13	(a) if the statement or omission was made
14	knowingly or recklessly, for a penalty equal to 50% of
15	the tax shortfall; or
16	(b) in any other case, for a penalty equal to
17	10% of the tax shortfall.
18	(3) No penalty is payable under subsection (2) of
19	this section if:
20	(a) the person who made the statement did not
21	know and could not reasonably be expected to know that
22	the statement was false or misleading in a material
23	particular; or
24	(b) the tax shortfall arose as a result of a
25	self-assessment taxpaver taking a reasonably arguable

1	position on the application of a revenue law to the
2	taxpayer's circumstances in filing a self-assessment
3	return.
4	(4) Nothing in subsection (3) of this section
5	prevents the imposition of late payment interest under
6	section 865 of this title in respect of a tax shortfall
7	if the tax is not paid by the due date.
8	(5) A reference in this section to a statement made
9	to a revenue officer means a statement made in writing
10	or orally to a revenue officer acting in the performance
11	of the officer's duties under a revenue law, and
12	includes a statement made:
13	(a) in any application, certificate,
14	declaration, notification, tax return, objection, or
15	other document furnished or lodged under a revenue law;
16	(b) in any information required to be furnished
17	under a revenue law;
18	(c) in any document furnished to a revenue
19	officer;
20	(d) in answer to a question asked of a person by
21	a revenue officer; or
22	(e) to another person with the knowledge or
23	reasonable expectation that the statement would be
24	passed on to a revenue officer."
25	Section 64. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

1 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 2 a new section 870 to read as follows: "Section 870. Collection of penalty. 3 (1) A liability for penalty is calculated separately 4 5 with respect to each section imposing a penalty under this subchapter. (2) If a penalty has been paid under this title and 7 the CEO institutes a prosecution under subchapter XI of 8 9 this chapter in respect of the same act or omission, the 10 CEO must refund the amount of the penalty paid, and no penalty is payable unless the prosecution is withdrawn. 11 12 (3) The CEO must: 13 (a) make an assessment of penalty imposed under 14 this subchapter; and 15 (b) serve a notice of the assessment on the person subject to the penalty, which notice must state 16 17 the amount of penalty payable and the due date for payment. 18 (4) A person liable to pay a penalty may apply, in 19 20 writing, to the CEO for remission of the penalty 21 payable. (5) The CEO may, upon application under subsection 22 23 (4) of this section or on the CEO's own motion, remit, in whole or in part, any penalty payable by a person." 24 Section 65. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 25

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1 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby
 2 amended by designating sections 873 to 883 as subchapter XI
 3 entitled "Taxation Offenses".
 4
        Section 66. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
 5 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
   a new section 873 to read as follows:
             "Section 873. Offense for failure to file tax return.
               (1) A taxpayer who, without reasonable excuse, fails
 8
 9
             to file a tax return by the due date is guilty of an
10
             offense.
               (2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
11
             this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding
12
             $500 or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more
13
             than six months, or both."
14
15
        Section 67. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
16 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
   a new section 874 to read as follows:
             "Section 974. Offense for failure to comply with
18
19
             obligations under this chapter.
20
               (1) A person is guilty of an offense:
21
                   (a) who, without reasonable cause, fails to:
22
                         (i) comply with section 826 of this
23
             chapter;
24
                        (ii) comply with a notice served on the
25
             person under section 827 of this chapter;
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1	(iii) provide security as required under
2	section 829 of this chapter;
3	(iv) provide facilities and assistance as
4	required by section 843(4) of this chapter; or
5	(v) comply with a notice under section 844
6	of this chapter; or
7	(b) who, knowing that a certificate has been
8	issued under section 830(2) of this title, leaves or
9	attempts to leave the FSM without paying the tax due or
10	making an arrangement satisfactory to the CEO for
11	payment.
12	(2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
13	this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding
14	\$500 or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more
15	than six months, or both.
16	Section 68. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
17	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
18	a new section 875 to read as follows:
19	"Section 875. Offense for failure to maintain proper
20	records.
21	(1) A taxpayer who knowingly or recklessly fails to
22	maintain accounts, documents, or records as required
23	under a revenue law is guilty of an offense.
24	(2) Penalty. A taxpayer convicted of an offense
25	under subsection (1) of this section shall be subject to

1 a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or, if a natural person, 2 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. (3) A taxpayer convicted of an offense under 3 subsection (1) of this section is subject to the 4 5 immediate revocation of any existing license to do business in the FSM that has been issued to the 6 7 taxpayer." Section 69. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 9 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 10 a new section 876 to read as follows: 11 "Section 876. Offenses for improper use of Taxpayer 12 Identification Number. (1) A person who uses a false Taxpayer Identification 13 Number on any tax return or document prescribed or used 14 15 for the purposes of a revenue law is guilty of an offense. 16 17 (2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under subsection (1) of this section shall be subject to a 18 fine not exceeding \$1,000 or, if a natural person, 19 20 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. 21 (3) A person who uses the Taxpayer Identification Number of another person is treated as having used a 22 false Taxpayer Identification Number, unless the 23 24 Taxpayer Identification Number has been used with the 25 permission of that other person on a document relating

1	to the tax affairs of that other person.
2	(4) A person who fails to apply for cancellation of
3	the person's Taxpayer Identification Number as required
4	under section 847 of this title is guilty of an offense.
5	(5) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
6	subsection (4) of this section shall be subject to a
7	fine not exceeding \$500."
8	Section 70. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
9	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
10	a new section 877 to read as follows:
11	"Section 877. Offense for making false or misleading
12	statement.
13	(1) A person is guilty of an offense if the person
14	knowingly or recklessly:
15	(a) makes a statement to a revenue officer that
16	is false or misleading in a material particular; or
17	(b) omits from a statement made to a revenue
18	officer any matter or thing without which the statement
19	is false or misleading in a material particular.
20	(2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
21	this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding
22	\$50,000 or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more
23	than one year, or both.
24	(3) Section 869(5) of this title applies in
25	determining whether a person has made a statement to a

1 revenue officer." 2 Section 71. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 3 Micronesia, (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 4 a new section 878 to read as follows: "Section 878. Offense for obstruction of revenue 5 officer. (1) A person who obstructs a revenue officer in the performance of duties under any revenue law is guilty of 8 9 an offense. 10 (2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding 11 \$1,000 or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more 12 than one year, or both." 13 Section 72. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 14 15 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 16 a new section 879 to read as follows: 17 "Section 879. Offense for aiding or abetting a taxation 18 offense. A person who aids, abets, assists, incites, or induces 19 20 another person to commit an offense under a revenue law 21 (referred to as the "principal offense") is guilty of an 22 offense and is liable for the same penalty as imposed 23 for the principal offense." 24 Section 73. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 25 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting

1	a new section to read as follows:
2	"Section 880. Offense relating to seized goods or
3	temporarily closed premises.
4	(1) A person is guilty of an offence if the person:
5	(a) takes any goods that have been seized under
6	section 828 of this chapter or that are the subject of a
7	warrant under subchapter VI of this chapter or that are
8	in premises the subject of an order under section 831 of
9	this chapter; or
10	(b) before, at, or after, any seizure of goods
11	under section 828 of this chapter or proceedings under
12	subchapter VI of this chapter, staves, breaks or
13	destroys any goods, or documents relating to any goods,
14	to prevent:
15	(i) the seizure or the securing of the
16	goods; or
17	(ii) the proof of an offence; or
18	(c) enters premises the subject of an order
19	under section 831 of this title without the permission
20	of the CEO.
21	(2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
22	this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding
23	\$1,000 or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more
24	than one year, or both."
25	Section 74. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of

1 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 2 a new section 881 to read as follows: "Section 881. Offenses by revenue officers. 3 (1) A revenue officer who directly or indirectly asks 4 5 for, or takes in connection with any of the officer's duties, any payment or reward whatsoever, whether pecuniary or otherwise, or promise or security for any such payment or reward, not being a payment or reward 8 9 that the officer was lawfully entitled to receive is 10 guilty of an offense. (2) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under 11 subsection (1) of this section shall be subject to a 12 fine not exceeding \$50,000, or imprisoned for not more 13 14 than one year, or both. 15 (3) A revenue officer who enters into or acquiesces 16 in any agreement to do any act or thing, abstain from 17 doing any act or thing, permit or connive in the doing of any act or thing, or conceal any act or thing, 18 19 whereby the National or a State Government is or may be

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(4) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under subsection (3) of this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$50,000, or imprisoned for not more

provisions of a revenue law or to the proper execution

defrauded of revenue, or that is contrary to the

of the officer's duty is guilty of an offense.

1 than one year, or both. 2 (5) A person who directly or indirectly offers or 3 gives to a revenue officer any payment or reward whatsoever, whether pecuniary or otherwise, or any 4 5 promise or security for any payment or reward, not being a payment or reward that the officer was lawfully entitled to receive, is guilty of an offense. 7 (6) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under 8 9 subsection (5) of this section shall be subject to a 10 fine not exceeding \$50,000, or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more than one year, or both. 11 12 (7) A person who proposes or enters into any agreement with a revenue officer in order to induce the 13 officer to do any act or thing, abstain from doing any 14 15 act or thing, permit or connive in the doing of any act 16 or thing, or conceal any act or thing, whereby the 17 National or a State Government is or may be defrauded of 18 revenue, or that is contrary to the provisions of a 19 revenue law or to the proper execution of the officer's 20 duty is guilty of an offense. 21 (8) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under 22 subsection (7) of this section shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$50,000 or, if a natural person, 23 24 imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

(9) For the purposes of this section, a revenue

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1	officer includes any person employed or engaged by the
2	Authority in any capacity and includes a director or
3	former director of the Board, a member or former member
4	of a committee of the Board, a person invited to a Board
5	or committee meeting, or a former officer or employee of
6	the Authority."
7	Section 75. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
8	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
9	a new section 882 to read as follows:
10	"Section 882. Offenses by companies.
11	(1) If an offense under a revenue law is committed by
12	a company, the offense is treated as having been
13	committed by every person who at the time the offense
14	was committed was:
15	(a) the chief executive officer, public officer,
16	managing director, a director, company secretary, or
17	other similar officer of the company; or
18	(b) acting or purporting to act in that
19	<pre>capacity.</pre>
20	(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to
21	a person if:
22	(a) the offense was committed without that
23	person's consent or knowledge; and
24	(b) the person, having regard to the nature of
25	the person's functions and all the circumstances, has

1 exercised reasonable diligence to prevent the commission 2 of the offense." Section 76. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 3 4 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 5 a new section 883 to read as follows: "Section 883. Failure to comply with a Court Order. 6 7 Upon conviction of a person of an offense under this subchapter, and the failure of the person to comply with 8 9 a court order, the person shall be subject to the 10 provisions and penalties of section 119 of title 4 of this code." 11 Section 77. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 12 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 14 amended by designating sections 886 to 890 as subchapter XII entitled "Forms and Notices". Section 78. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 16 17 Micronesia, (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 18 a new section 886 to read as follows: "Section 886. Forms and notices; authentication of 19 20 documents. 21 (1) A form, notice, tax return, statement, table, or any other document prescribed or published by the CEO 22 for the purposes of any revenue law may be in such form 23 as the CEO determines for the efficient administration 24 25 of the revenue laws.

1 (2) The CEO must make the documents referred to in subsection (1) of this section available to the public 2 at the offices of the Authority and at such other 3 locations, or by mail or such other means, as the CEO 4 5 may determine. (3) A notice or other document issued, served, or 7 given by the CEO under a revenue law is sufficiently authenticated if the name or title of the CEO, or 8 9 authorized officer, is printed, stamped, or written on 10 the document." Section 79. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 11 12 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 13 a new section 887 to read as follows: "Section 887. Manner of lodging documents. 14 15 Except as provided in section 889 of this chapter, a tax return, application, notice, or other document to be 16 17 filed with the CEO under the revenue law must be 18 delivered by personal delivery or registered post to an office of the Authority." 19 20 Section 80. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 21 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 22 a new section 888 to read as follows: "Section 888. Service of notices. 23 24 (1) Subject to section 889 of this title and except as otherwise provided in a revenue law, a notice or 25

1 other document required to be served by the CEO on a 2 person for the purposes of a revenue law is treated as 3 properly served on the person if: (a) personally served on the person; 4 5 (b) left at the person's usual or last known place of abode or business in the FSM; or (c) sent by registered post to the person's usual or last known address in the FSM. 8 9 (2) If a notice or other document is served by 10 registered post, service is, in the absence of proof to the contrary, deemed to have been effected at the time 11 at which the notice or other document would be delivered 12 in the ordinary course of post, and in proving such 13 14 service it is sufficient to prove that the envelope 15 containing the notice or other document was properly 16 addressed and was posted. 17 (3) If the person to whom a notice or other document has been sent by registered post is informed of the fact 18 19 that there is a registered letter awaiting the person at 20 a post office, and the person refuses or fails to take 21 delivery of the letter, and the letter consists of the notice or other document, service of the notice or other 22 document is deemed to have been effected. 23 24 (4) The validity of service of a notice under a 25 revenue law cannot be challenged after the notice has

1	been wholly or partly complied with.
2	(5) The reference to "person" in this section
3	includes the representative of the person."
4	Section 81. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
5	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
6	a new section 889 to read as follows:
7	"Section 889. Electronic returns and notices.
8	(1) The CEO may establish and operate a procedure
9	(referred to as the "electronic notice system") for
10	electronic filing of tax returns or other documents to
11	the CEO and electronic service of notices and other
12	documents by the CEO and, for this purpose, the CEO may
13	<pre>provide written conditions for:</pre>
14	(a) the registration of taxpayers to participate
15	in the electronic notice system (referred to as
16	<pre>"registered users");</pre>
17	(b) the issuing and cancellation of
18	authentication codes to registered users;
19	(c) the tax returns and other documents that may
20	be transmitted through the electronic notice system,
21	including the form and manner in which they are to be
22	<pre>transmitted;</pre>
23	(d) the correction of errors in or amendments to
24	electronic returns or other documents;
25	(e) the use of the electronic notice system,

1 including the procedure applicable if there is a 2 breakdown or interruption in the system; (f) the use in any electronic transmission of 3 symbols, codes, abbreviations, or other notations to 4 5 represent any particulars or information required under a revenue law; and (g) any other matters for the better provision of the electronic notice system. 8 9 (2) A registered user may, in accordance with the 10 conditions set by the CEO under subsection (1) of this section, file a tax return or other document to the 11 12 computer account of the CEO. (3) The CEO may, in accordance with the conditions 13 14 set by the CEO under subsection (1) of this section, 15 serve a notice or other document to the computer account 16 of a registered user. 17 (4) If a tax return or other document of a registered 18 user has been transmitted to the computer account of the 19 CEO using the authentication code assigned to the 20 registered user either with or without the authority of 21 the registered user, and before the registered user has applied to the CEO for cancellation of the 22 authentication code, the return or other document is, 23 for the purposes of the revenue law under which it has 24 25 been filed, presumed to be filed by the registered user

1 unless the registered user proves to the contrary. 2 (5) For the purposes of a revenue law, an electronic tax return, notice, or other document, or a copy 3 thereof, shall not be ruled inadmissible in evidence 4 5 merely on the basis that it was filed or served without the filing or delivery of any equivalent document or 7 counterpart in paper form. (6) If an electronic tax return, notice, or other 8 9 document is admissible under subsection (5) of this 10 section, it is presumed that, until the contrary is proved, the contents of the electronic return, notice, 11 12 or other document have been accurately transmitted. (7) Section 815 of this chapter shall apply to: 13 14 (a) an electronic tax assessment served by the 15 CEO on the basis that the reference in section 815(1)(b) 16 of this chapter to a copy of a notice of a tax 17 assessment includes a certificate under the hand of the 18 CEO identifying the tax assessment, and stating the 19 authentication code of the registered user and the 20 device involved in the production and transmission of 21 the electronic tax assessment; and 22 (b) an electronic tax return furnished by a 23 registered user on the basis that the reference in 24 section 815(1)(c) of this chapter to a copy of a tax

return includes a certificate under the hand of the CEO

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1	identifying the tax return, and stating the
2	authentication code of the registered user and the
3	device (if known) involved in the production and
4	transmission of the electronic tax return.
5	(8) A person furnishing an electronic tax return or
6	other document on behalf of another person must not
7	divulge or disclose the contents of the return or
8	document, or a copy thereof, without the prior written
9	consent of the CEO.
10	(9) A person who fails to comply with subsection (8) of this
11	section is guilty of an offense.
12	(10) Penalty. A person convicted of an offense under
13	subsection (8) of this section shall be subject to a
14	fine not exceeding \$500, or imprisoned for not more than
15	<pre>six months, or both."</pre>
16	Section 82. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of
17	Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting
18	a new section 890 to read as follows:
19	"Section 890. Due date for documents and tax payments.
20	(1) If the due date for the following is a Saturday,
21	Sunday, or public holiday, the due date is the next
22	following business day:
23	(a) filing a tax return, application, notice, or
24	other document;
25	(b) the payment of tax: or

1 (c) taking any other action under a revenue law. 2 (2) [Reserved]" Section 83. Chapter 8 of title 54 of the Code of the 3 4 Federated States of Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby 5 amended by designating sections 893 to 896 as subchapter XIII 6 "Final Provisions". Section 84. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 7 8 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting a 9 new section 893 to read as follows: 10 "Section 931. Regulations. (1) The Secretary shall, subject to approval of the 11 President, prescribe such regulations necessary for the 12 enforcement of this chapter, and such regulations shall 13 have the force and effect of law if they are not in 14 15 conflict with the express provisions of this chapter or 16 other laws of the FSM. 17 (2) Such regulations shall be promulgated pursuant to chapter 1 of title 17 of this code." 18 Section 85. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 19 20 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 21 a new section 894 to read as follows: 22 "Section 894. Transition. (1) Subject to this section, this chapter applies to 23 any act or omission occurring, or any taxation 24 25 assessment made, before this chapter came into force.

1 (2) Any appeal or prosecution commenced before this chapter came into force shall be continued and disposed 2 of as if this chapter had not come into force. 3 (3) If the period for any application, appeal, or 4 5 prosecution had expired before this chapter came into force, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as enabling the application, appeal, or prosecution to be 7 made under this chapter by reason only of the fact that 8 9 a longer period is specified in this chapter. 10 (4) Any tax liability that arose before this chapter came into force may be recovered under this chapter, but 11 without prejudice to any action already taken for the 12 recovery of the tax." 13 Section 86. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 14 15 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 16 a new section 895 to read as follows: 17 "Section 895. Commencement of administration. Administration of this Act shall commence on the 18 19 commencement of administration of the Unified Revenue 20 Authority act as determined by section 769 of this 21 title." 22 Section 87. Title 54 of the Code of the Federated States of 23 Micronesia (Annotated), as amended, is hereby amended by enacting 24 a new section 896 to read as follows: 25 "Section 896. If any of the four states of the

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             Federated States of Micronesia have not passed into law
2
             value added tax legislation as of midnight April 19,
 3
             2020, this act is null and void."
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        Section 88. This act shall become law upon approval by the
5 President of the Federated States of Micronesia or upon its
 6 becoming law without such approval.
7
8 Date: 11/14/19
                            Introduced by: /s/ Isaac V. Figir
                                                 Isaac V. Figir
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